

**Calculus (Review)**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each of the inequalities

#1 Solve the inequality, be sure answer is in interval notation.

$$\frac{(3x + 10)}{(x - 3)(x + 7)} \geq 0$$

#2 Solve the inequality, be sure answer is in interval notation.

$$\frac{k^2 + 2k - 8}{k^2 - 10k + 21} \leq 0$$

**Functions for problems 3 and 4**  $f(x) = 3x^2 + x - 2$  and  $g(x) = -2x^2 + 3x - 1$  and  $h(x) = 3x + 1$ #3 Find and simplify  $g(f(h(0)))$ #4 Find and simplify  $f(g(-3))$ #5 Find and simplify  $h(g(h(-3)))$

#6 Identify the center and the radius.

a)  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 2y - 31 = 0$

b)  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 10y - 6 = 0$

# 7 Solve the systems.

a) 
$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 6y - 6z &= 9 \\ 2x - 5y + 4z &= 6 \\ -x + 16y + 14z &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

b) 
$$\begin{aligned} 2.5x + y - z &= -6 \\ -3.5y + 2.5z &= 2.5 \\ 5x + 4y - 2z &= -12 \end{aligned}$$

c) 
$$\begin{aligned} x + y - 2z &= -2 \\ 2x - 3y + z &= 1 \\ 2x + y - 3z &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

#8 Find the equation of the circle that contains these points.

$$(-8, -4)$$

$$(-7, -5)$$

$$(-3, 1)$$

# 9 Graph and state the domain and range using **interval notation**.

a)  $y = |2(x - 4)^2 - 1|$

b)  $y = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$

#11 Write each of the following in standard H , K forms identify characteristics of each

a.  $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 4x + 8y = 11$

b.  $9x^2 + 16y^2 - 18x - 64y - 71 = 0$

c.  $3x^2 - 6x - 6y + 10 = 0$

#12 Solve

a.  $3|4x + 5|^2 - 10|4x + 5| = -8$

b.  $3|3x - 1|^2 - 5|3x - 1| = 2$

#13. Find the area of of the triangle with vertices at  $(-6, 5)$ ,  $(-2, -3)$ , and  $(4, 7)$

#14. 7) If  $f(x) = 2x + 4$ ,  $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3} + 1$ ,  $h(x) = x^2 + 9$

a. find  $f(3) + g(\sqrt{3}) + h(0)$

b. find  $f(f(4))$

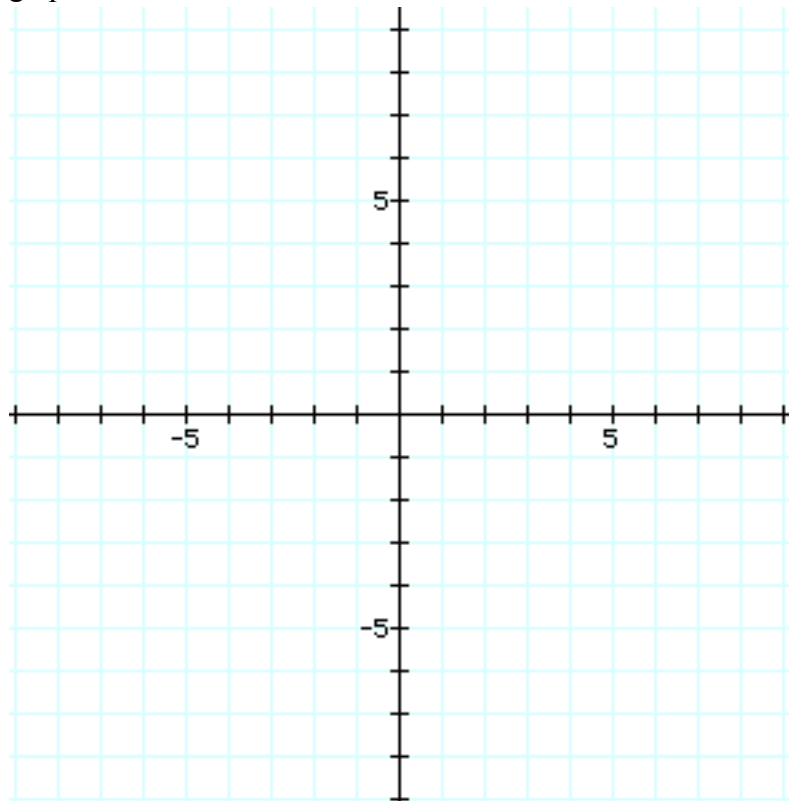
c. find  $(g(f(h(1))))$

#15. Given the function  $g(x) = \frac{3x}{x-6} + 9$ , show what  $g(g(x))$  would equal in simplest form.

Graph and identify zeroes, all asymptotes, and perform a sign check, remember to check extreme values.

16.  $y = \frac{3x^2 + 7x - 6}{x^2 - 4}$

graph



zeroes \_\_\_\_\_

vertical asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

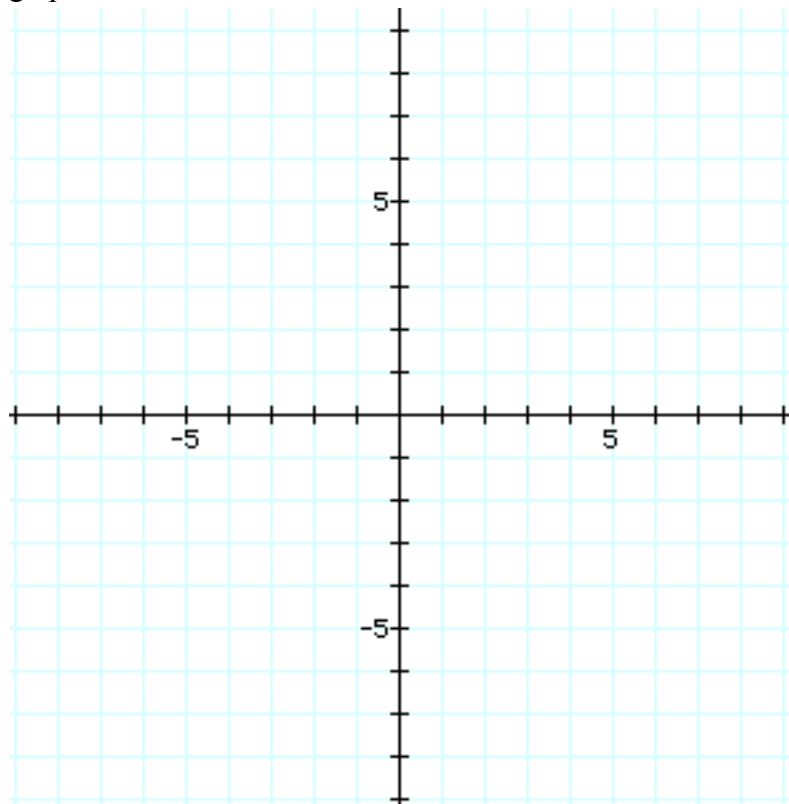
horizontal asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

sign check ← ----- →

Graph and identify zeroes, all asymptotes, and perform a sign check.

17.  $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 2x - 8}$

graph



zeroes \_\_\_\_\_

vertical asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

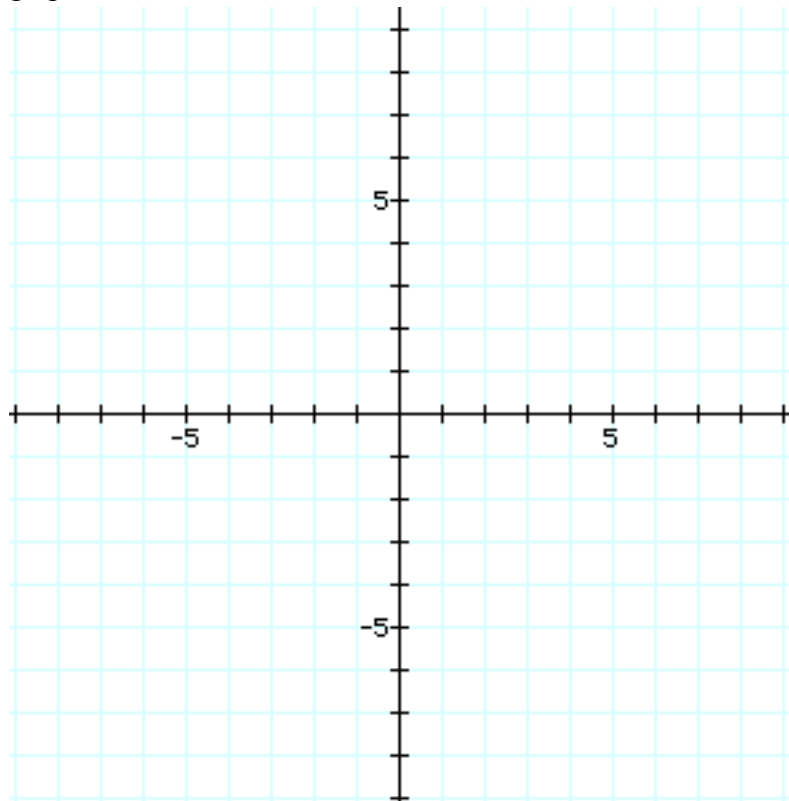
horizontal asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

sign check ← ----- →

Graph and identify zeroes, all asymptotes, and perform a sign check.

18.  $\frac{2x^2 - 8}{x^2 - 25}$

graph



zeroes \_\_\_\_\_

vertical asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

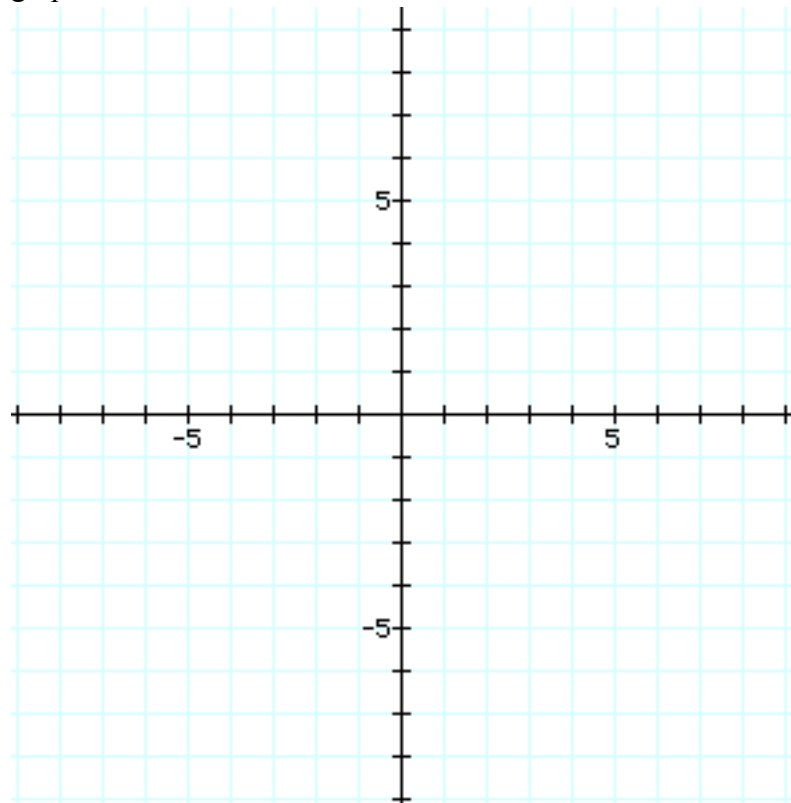
horizontal asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

sign check ← ----- →

Graph and identify zeroes, all asymptotes, and perform a sign check.

19.  $\frac{7x-7}{x^2-x-12}$

graph



zeroes \_\_\_\_\_

vertical asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

horizontal asymptotes \_\_\_\_\_

sign check ← ----- →